Predictive wave-front correction. Use with pyramids.

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Rationale

- Initial motivation: rejection of aliasing "post-facto" using an alternative to optical spatial filters
- ++ Embed time-progression models into controller
 - Use of predictive control can significantly improve AO rejection close to PSF core
- o Use synthetic modelling for error budget break-down
- Discretise into complex exponentials coefficients (=Fourier control) and come up with a fast real-time algorithm



 Evaluate spatial frequency) error functions

$$egin{bmatrix} \widetilde{arepsilon}_{\parallel}(oldsymbol{\kappa})\ \widetilde{arepsilon}_{\perp}(oldsymbol{\kappa}) \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} \widetilde{oldsymbol{arphi}}_{\parallel}(oldsymbol{\kappa})\ \widetilde{oldsymbol{arphi}}_{\perp}(oldsymbol{\kappa}) \end{bmatrix} - egin{bmatrix} \widetilde{oldsymbol{arphi}}_{\parallel}^{
m cor}(oldsymbol{\kappa})\ \widetilde{oldsymbol{arphi}}_{\perp}^{
m cor}(oldsymbol{\kappa}) \end{bmatrix}$$

Use PSDs of phase and errors in closed-loop

M. Correia et al, Atelier ITHD @ LAM, May 2017

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$$\left\langle \left| \widetilde{\varphi}_{\parallel} - \widetilde{\widetilde{\varphi}}_{\parallel} \right|^{2} \right\rangle = \left(1 + \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\mathcal{G}} \right|^{2} \overline{H}_{2} - \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\mathcal{G}} \overline{H}_{1} \right| \right) W_{\varphi}$$

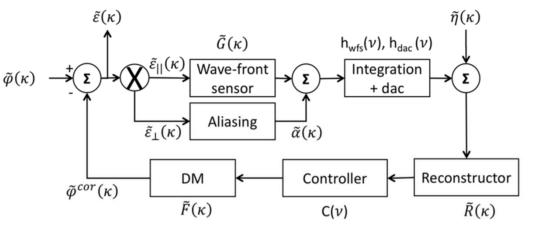
$$= \left(1 + \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\mathcal{G}} \right|^{2} \overline{H}_{2} - \Re \{ \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\mathcal{G}} \overline{H}_{1} \} \right) W_{\varphi}$$
Aniso-servo error
$$W_{RA} = \widetilde{\mathcal{P}} \sum_{m \neq 0} \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} (\kappa) \overline{H}_{1} (\kappa) \widetilde{\mathcal{G}} (\kappa + m/d) \right|^{2} W_{\varphi} (\kappa + m/d)$$
Propagated aliasing
$$W_{\eta} = \left\langle \widetilde{\mathcal{P}} \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\eta} \overline{H}_{\eta} (\kappa) \right|^{2} \right\rangle = \widetilde{\mathcal{P}} \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \right|^{2} \sigma_{\eta}^{2} d^{2} p$$
Noise propagated
$$M_{\eta} = \left\langle \widetilde{\mathcal{P}} \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \widetilde{\eta} \overline{H}_{\eta} (\kappa) \right|^{2} \right\rangle = \widetilde{\mathcal{P}} \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{R}} \right|^{2} \sigma_{\eta}^{2} d^{2} p$$
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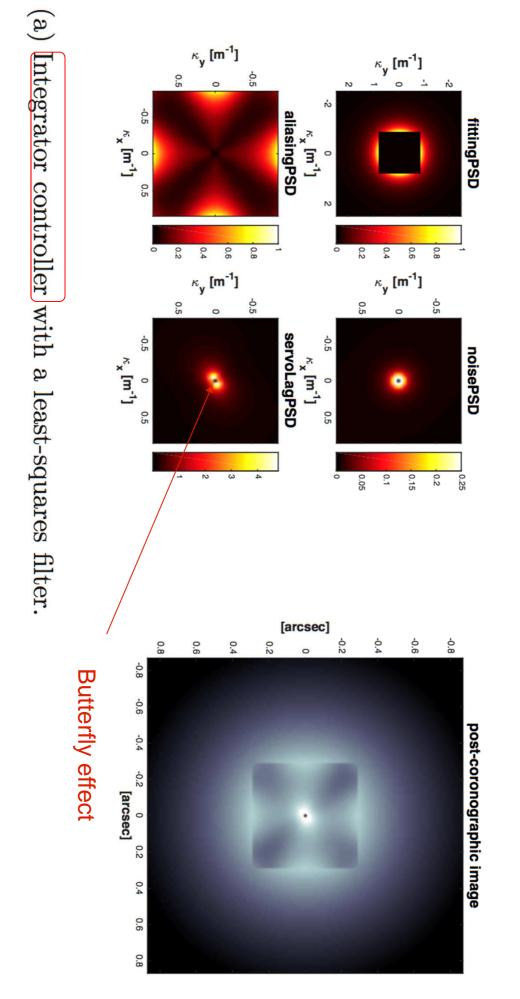
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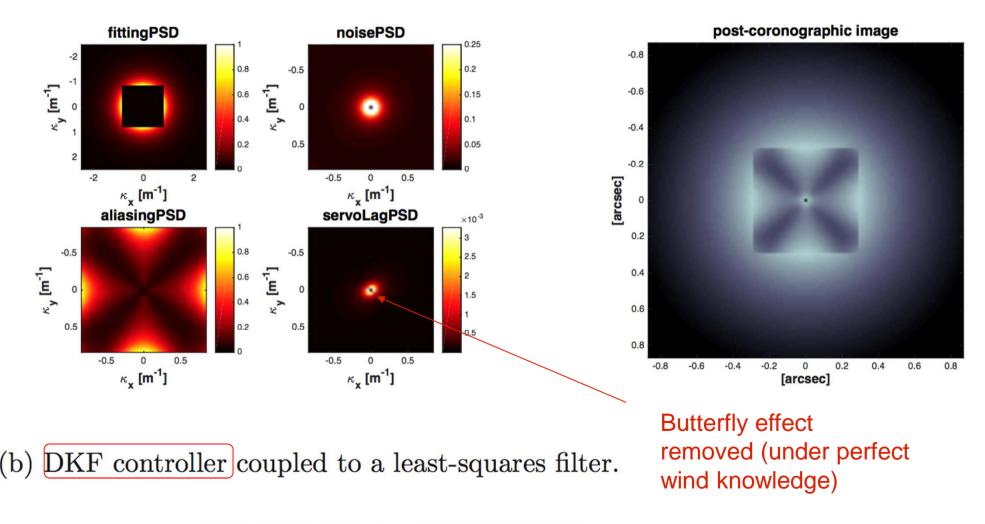
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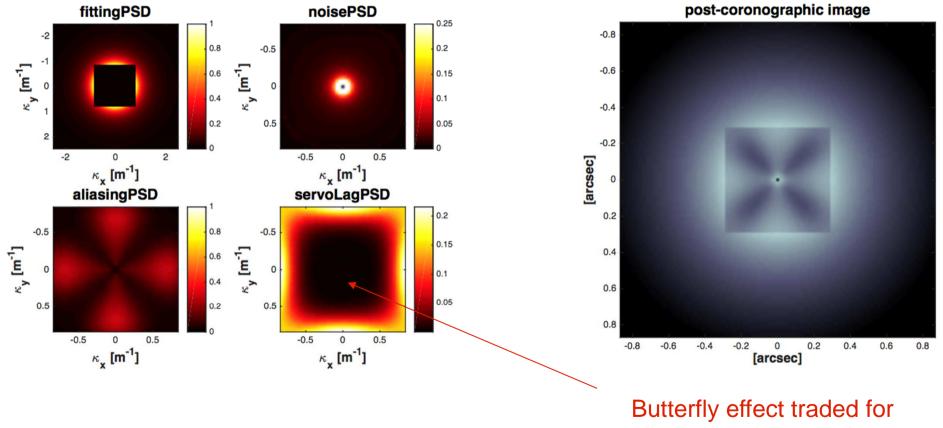


LQG controller rejection transfer functions









DKF controller coupled to an anti-aliasing filter.

Butterfly effect traded for aliasing => improved contrast in certain regions close to core

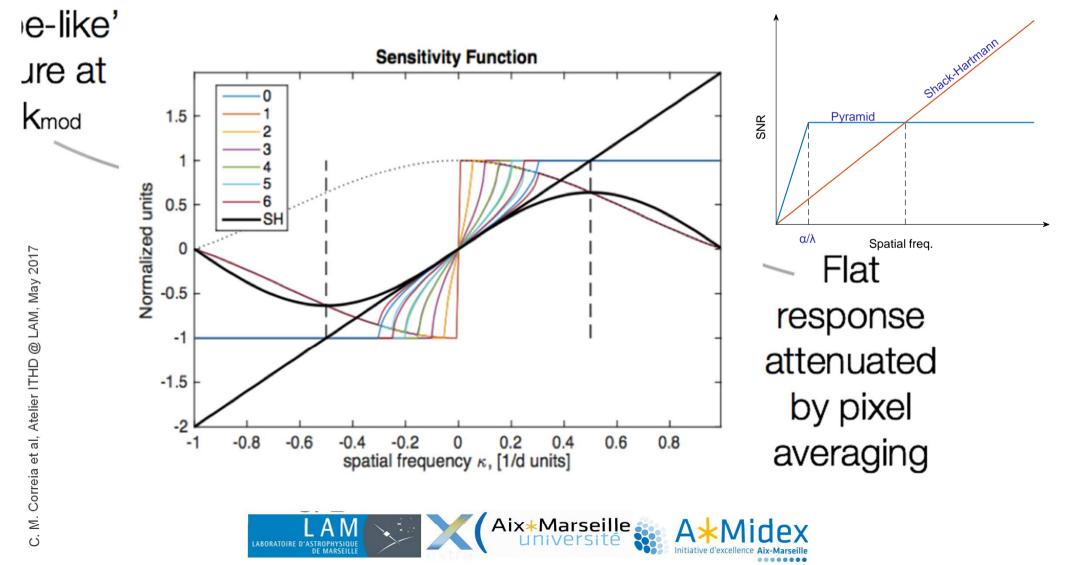


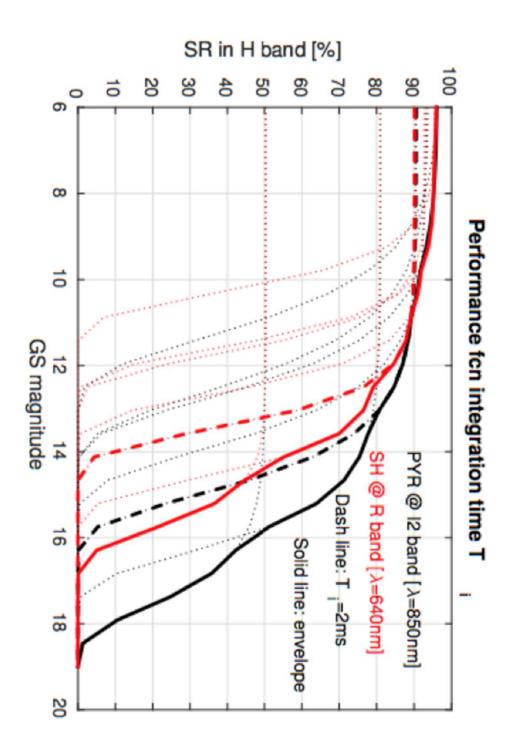
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Pyramid filters (cross-section)

Use physical-optics description of the pyramid Ο

- Fourier optics and distribution theory applied to pyramid wavefront sensors, R. Conan, 2003 Analytic pyramid filter: Infinite telescope diameter, circular modulation, linear approximation, cross-terms dropped out, discrete measurement taken into account... 0





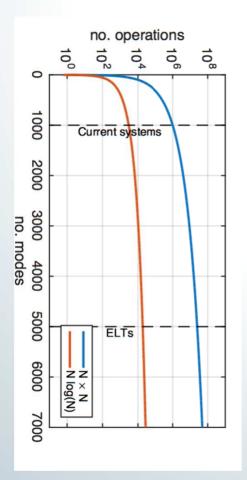
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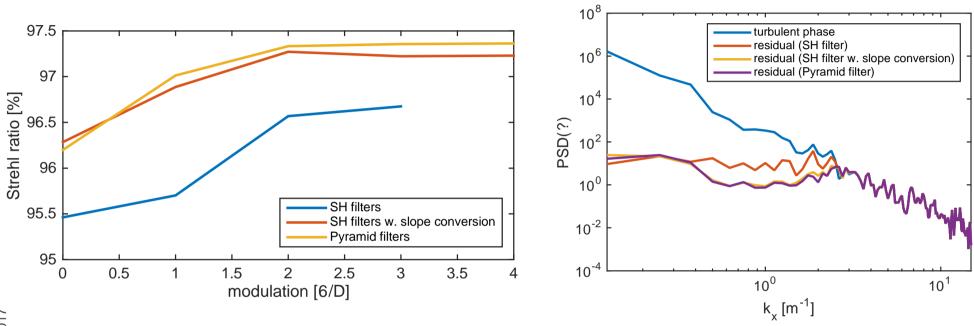


Direct spaceFourier spaceconvolution in direct space
$$\longrightarrow$$
 multiplication in Fourier space $s(\mathbf{x}) = G\phi(\mathbf{x}) + \eta(\mathbf{x})$ $\tilde{s}(\kappa) = \tilde{G}\phi(\kappa) + \tilde{\eta}(\kappa)$ $\tilde{\phi}(\mathbf{x}) = G^{-1}s(\mathbf{x})$ $\tilde{s}(\kappa) = \tilde{G}\phi(\kappa) + \tilde{\eta}(\kappa)$ $\tilde{\phi}(\mathbf{x}) = G^{-1}s(\mathbf{x})$ $\tilde{R}_{x/y} = \frac{\tilde{G}_{x/y}}{|\tilde{G}_x|^2 + |\tilde{G}_y|^2 + \gamma \frac{W_n}{W_{\phi}}}$ N correctable modes \rightarrow N correctable modes \rightarrow NN operationsN log(N) operations

- Increased computation speed.
- Insight into modal behaviour.
- WF error links directly to PSF shape



E2E simulations



- C. Bond, et al, *Anti-aliasing wave-front reconstruction with Shack-Hartmann sensors,* Proc. of the AO4ELT4, Lake Arrowhead, CA, USA (2015)
- C. Bond et al, *Real-time WF reconstruction from pyramid signals in the Fourier domain*, Wavefront Sensing in the VLT/ELT era, Marseille, (September 2016)
- C. Bond, et al, *Iterative wave-front reconstruction in the spatial-frequency domain*, Optics Express, **25**(10), 11452-11465 (2017) <u>https://doi.org/10.1364/OE.25.011452</u>



Summary

- o Using pyramids increases the limiting magnitude
- Use of time-progression models into the controller + Fourier modes control can improve the rejection at small separations
- Aliasing can be further beaten down using proper models
- Error PSD on complex exponentials => postcoronagraphic PSF
 - useful for post-processing?





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